Reg. No.:
J 3327
B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2009.
Fourth Semester
(Regulation 2004)
Mechanical Engineering
MH 1151 — ENGINEERING MATERIALS AND METALLURGY (Common to Automobile Engineering, Production Engineering)
(Common to B.E. (Part-Time) Third Semester Mechanical Engineering Regulation 2005)
: Three hours Maximum : 100 marks
Answer ALD questions. PART A — $(10 \times 2 \neq 20 \text{ marks})$
What do you mean by substitutional solid solution? Briefly explain the rules governing the formation of substitutional solid solution.
Name and explain any one type of binary solid to solid state transformation reaction with ideal phase diagram.
Name and explain any one subcritical case hardening treatment.
With heat treatment cycle, explain the conventional normalising treatment for hyper-cutectord steel.
Write short notes on the types of stainless steels.
With composition, property and application explain
(a) Tin bronze (b) Naval brass

Time: Three hours

1.

2.

3.

4.

	(a)	PVC (b) PMMA	
8.	Writ	e the general mechanical properties of ceramics.	$^{\circ}$
9.	Dist	nguish between slip and twinning.	
10.	Wha	PART B — $(5 \times 16 = 80 \text{ marks})$	on
11.	(a)	With ideal phase diagram, cooling curves and example explain to following binary systems. Also name the system:	the
		(i) Two components completely soluble in liquid and complete insoluble in the solid state.	ely
		(ii) Two components completely soluble in the liquid and complet soluble in the solid state.	ely 16)
	(b)	Sketch neatly the ideal Iron-Carbide binary equilibrium diagra indicating temperatures, composition and different phases present. A explain the peritectic reaction of this system.	
12.	(a)	Explain the construction procedure of isothermal transformation diagr for 1080 steel. Neatly sketch the diagram, indicating different phases	am on
	r addr		16)
	(b)	Distinguish between 'hardness' and 'hardenability'. With suita sketches, explain the John'ny hardness test for hardenability.	ble 16)
13.	(a)		eel- and (6)
		(ii) Give the composition, property and uses of SG Iron, 18-4-1 H	(SS 10)
	1	Or one of the second se	
	(B)	(i) With part of phase diagram and relevant sketches, explain precipitation hardening treatment of Al-Cu alloys.	the (8)
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With property and application, explain the following polymers:

7.

(8) 14. (a) (i) What are the special properties of plastics that make them useful engineering materials? (ii) How do thermoplastics differ from thermosetting materials? Explain. (5) (iii) Write short notes on particle reinforced composites and fibre reinforced composites. Or (b) (i) With suitable applications, explain the following ceramic materials: Alumina, Silica, Silicon carbide silicon nitride (8) (ii) Write short notes on: (1) PE (2) PP (3) ABS (4) Urea and phenol formaldehyde. (8) 15. (a) (i) What does impact test signify? Explain impact Izod test with neat sketches? (8) (ii) What is fatigue failure? How fatigue test is carried out? Explain. (8) Or (b) (i) What do you mean by Engineering Stress' and 'Truestress'? Explain. (ii) Draw typical engineering stress versus engineering strain curves for ductile and brittle materials and explain. (6) (6) (6) (7)
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(iv) What do you mean by DBTT? Explain. (3)